## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

BRUCE SENATOR,	)
Petitioner,	) No C 08-4122 VRW (PR)
vs.	ORDER OF DISMISSAL
UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,	) ) }
Respondent.	}

Petitioner, a state prisoner incarcerated at the California Men's Colony in San Luis Obispo, has filed a pro se petition for a writ of mandate compelling the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") to investigate and account for allegedly missing registered securities.

The federal mandamus statute provides that "[t]he district courts shall have original jurisdiction of any action in the nature of mandamus to compel an officer or employee of the United States or any agency thereof to perform a duty owed to the plaintiff." 28 USC § 1361. Mandamus relief is only available to compel an officer of the United States to perform a duty if: (1) the petitioner's claim is clear and certain; (2) the duty of the officer is ministerial and so plainly prescribed as to be free from doubt; and (3) no other adequate remedy is available. Fallini v Hodel, 783 F2d 1343, 1345 (9th Cir 1986). Mandamus relief is not in order here

because the investigation petitioner seeks is discretionary. See Stang v IRS, 788 F2d 564, 565 (9th Cir 1986) (mandamus writs appropriate only when federal officer, employee or agency owes a "nondiscretionary duty" to petitioner that is so plainly prescribed as to be free from doubt). The petition for a writ of mandate is DENIED. The clerk shall enter judgment in accordance with this order and close the file. SO ORDERED. VAUGHN R WALKER United States District Chief Judge  $G: \label{lem:condition} G: \label{lem:condition} G: \label{lem:condition} PRO-SE \label{lem:condition} VRW \label{lem:condition} OTHER.08 \label{lem:condition} Senator, B1. dismissal. wpd$